[TITLE OF THE DOCUMENT] ABSTRACT [ABSTRACT]

[OBJECT] An object of the present invention is to realize a reducing process of carbon dioxide in which carbon dioxide is directly reduced not in an organic solvent but in water under mild conditions.

[MEANS TO ACHIEVE THE OBJECT]

Carbon dioxide and water are mixed with an organometallic complex represented by general formula (1) below

$$\begin{bmatrix}
R^{1} & R^{6} \\
R^{2} & R^{6}
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
R^{1} & R^{6} \\
MX^{1}X^{2}X^{3}
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
Y^{L-} \\
n
\end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix}
M & \cdots & (1)
\end{bmatrix}$$

where R^1 , R^2 , R^3 , R^4 , R^5 , and R^6 independently represent a hydrogen atom or a lower alkyl group, M represents an element that can be coordinated to the benzene ring, X^1 and X^2 represent nitrogen-containing ligands, X^3 represents a hydrogen atom, a carboxylic acid residue, or H_2O , X^1 and X^2 may be bonded to each other, Y represents an anion species, K represents a valency of a cation species, L represents a valency of an anion species, K and L independently represent 1 or 2, and K, m, L, and n are related to one another by K x m = L x n. This makes it possible to directly reduce carbon dioxide in water.

[SELECTED DRAWINGS]

No Drawing